



Benha University

First Term (January 2017) Final Exam

Class: Post Graduates (MSc.)

Subject: Digital Image processing & Pattern Recognition

Course code :



Faculty of Computers & Informatics

Date: 24/5/2017

Time: 3 Hours

Examiner: Assoc. Prof. Mazen Selim

Answer the following questions:

Question (1) please make a table of two columns, one for the question no. and the other for your selection (10 Marks)

- 1) The shape numbers measure of shape -----
 a. correlation b. Compactness c. Convolution d. filtering
- 2) The kernel $[-1 \ 2 \ -1]$ is meant to approximate ----- order derivative
 a. a Low pass filter b. second c. first d. Median filter
- 3) In the time domain, the convolution multiplication becomes _____ operation
 a) Linear b) Nonlinear c) a sum d) Bicubic
- 4) Digitizing image intensity amplitude is called _____
 a) Enhancement b) Sampling c) Dynamic range d) Quantization.
- 5) Filter that performs opposite to band rejected filter is called _____ filter.
 a) Harmonic b) bandpass c) LPF followed by HPF d) Bicubic e) None of the above
- 6) Fourier transform is a _____ transform
 a) Linear b) Nonlinear c) Bilinear d) Bicubic e) None of the above
- 7) Ideal filters can be _____
 a) LPF b) HPF c) BPF d) All of the above e) None of the above
- 8) The Rayleigh density can be used to approximate _____
 a) Ideal histograms b) Non-Ideal histograms c) Gaussian histograms d) Skewed histograms
- 9) (T/F) noise reduction can be accomplished by blurring with a linear filter and also by a nonlinear filter
- 10) Entropy represents the _____ amount of data required to represent an image.
 a) maximum b) average c) minimum d) all of the above

Question (2) (10 Marks)

- a. Give a short note about HSV coloring model, show the relation between the HSV and RGB coloring model?
- b. Apply histogram specification on the following image. Let the input and output gray levels be in the range of $[0, 7]$. Assume that the expected grayscale specification is $\{0: 5\%, 1: 5\%, 2: 10\%, 3: 10\%, 4: 25\%, 5: 5\%, 6: 25\%, 7: 15\%\}$. Show the output image.

1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1
1	3	4	4	5	5	0	0
0	3	4	4	5	5	5	5
2	4	4	4	3	5	7	0
1	1	4	5	6	5	6	1
1	0	4	4	1	5	6	1
1	0	1	0	0	0	5	0

Question (3) (10 Marks)

- a) Filter the image in figure (d) using an Order Statistics filter (after replicate padding) using the filter mask as in (a). The weighting vector of the order statistics filter is defined as

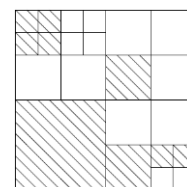
$$\{w_i\} = \left\{0, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, 0\right\} \quad a$$



a

1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0
0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0
0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

b



c

9	8	7	6
8	7	13	5
7	6	5	4
6	1	4	3

d

- b) using the run length to represent the image in Figure (b)
 c) Find the quad tree representation of the image given in figure(c)

Question (4)

(10 Marks)

a) Consider a Bayes Classifier. Given two classifiers and three classes, assume that the confusion matrix of $A[1 \dots 3], [1 \dots 3], [1 \dots 3]$, as given. Note that the element $A[I, J, K]$ denotes the number of samples in class i to be assigned to class j by the first classifier and to class k by the second classifier. The total number of samples N is 400.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 90 & 2 & 5 \\ 1 & 5 & 5 \\ 5 & 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 15 & 5 \\ 5 & 90 & 5 \\ 5 & 5 & 3 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & 10 \\ 5 & 10 & 5 \\ 10 & 5 & 95 \end{bmatrix}$$

$A[1,1 \dots 3,1 \dots 3], \quad A[2,1 \dots 3,1 \dots 3], \quad A[3,1 \dots 3,1 \dots 3]$

b) Convolve the 4x4 image as in fig. (d) of question (3) with the Sobel kernel that detects horizontal edges. (Use even boundary extension)

Question (5)

(10 Marks)

A 4x4, 4bits/pixel original image is given

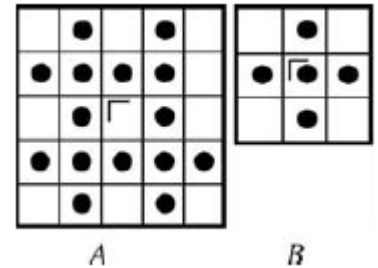
- a. Apply full-scale contrast stretch to the image. Show your work and sketch the resulting image.
 b. Compute the entropy of the image.
 c. Compress the image using Huffman coding.
 d. Compute the compression achieved and the effectiveness of the Huffman coding.

6	13	12	13
12	6	7	12
13	7	7	12
14	11	11	14

Question (6)

(10 Marks)

- a) Find the opening and closing of A where the structure element is B
 b) Extract the boundary of A



✦ GOOD LUCK ✦